Department of Fish and Game Fisheries Restoration Grant Program



Projects Funded for 2006-2007

Project	Proposal						Maj. Drainage	Amt.	Amt.
Type	Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	System	Requested	Recommended
				Provide financial support in an adaptive, responsive, needs					
				driven process to facilitate watershed, riparian and stream					
		Pacific States	Adaptive Watershed	habitat improvement projects which will benefit salmon,					
		Marine Fisheries	Improvement Projects	cutthroat, and steelhead streams of coastal California (outside	All coastal				
ALL	132	Commission	2006	the Central Valley drainage).	counties	All Coastal	All Coastal	\$2,000,000.00	\$800,000.00
				Assist Del Norte County educational programs with local					
				watershed and anadromous fishery conservation by					
				coordination of Del Norte County Salmon in the Classroom					
				program where: 1) Public school children incubate live					
				salmonid eggs and release hatched fry to local stream. 2)					
				Anadromous life cycle and importance of watershed health is					
				the focus. 3) DFG accepted curriculum for inclusion with					
				current California Department of Education Content					
				Standards is taught. 4) Collaboration with Del Norte County					
			Del Norte County	Schools and the non-profit Rowdy Creek Fish Hatchery. 5)					
		Rural Human	Raising Salmon in the	Evaluation plan specific to measurable learning objectives					
ED	112	Services	Classroom Program	achieved.	Del Norte	Smith River	Smith River	\$8,083.00	\$8,083.00
				The project eliminates steelhead emigration and immigration					
				issues on Santa Rosa Creek, at the Ferrasci Road crossing, by					
				implementing the highest ranked Tasks (5, CC-08) in the					
				Steelhead Trout Management Tasks for California on the					
				Central Coast (Estero Bay) by replacing the Ferrasci Road					
				Crossing barrier with a clear-span bridge designed to be free					
				of the 100-year flood event. The completed project will					
				provide unrestricted steelhead passage to 10 miles of creek					
				and as much as 8 miles of tributaries to spawning and rearing					
				habitat above the project site. It will eliminate costly, often					
				weekly, maintenance during the wet season of the existing					
				barrier and the poorly designed and narrow fish ladder, and					
				stabilize and enhance the channel through the project area and					
		Greenspace, The		improve habitat by strategic placement of woody debris and					
		Cambria Land		boulder clusters as per criteria in the California Salmonid	San Luis	Santa Rosa			
FP	090	Trust	Ferrasci Road Bridge	Stream Habitat Restoration Manual.	Obispo	Creek	Central Coastal	\$746,344.00	\$746,344.00

Proposal						Maj. Drainage	Amt.	Amt.
Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	System	Requested	Recommended
149	California Department of Transportation	El Capitan Culvert	Implement culvert modifications at the Highway 101 El Capitan Creek culvert.	Santa Barbara	El Capitan Creek	Canada del Capitan	\$443,000.00	\$385,948.00
	Humboldt Fish	Hall Creek Fish Passage	To remove an arched-corrugated steel pipe (A-CSP) 5' high x 6.5' wide x 70' long, with a 2.1 foot jump at the outlet, that is a total barrier juvenile. The culvert was determined to be a					\$69,743.00
130		Emiancement Project		Hullibolut	Hall Cleek		\$09,743.00	\$09,743.00
111	Department of	Woodacre Creek Fish Passage Restoration	through an existing barrier on Woodacre Creek, a prominent	Marin	Woodacre Creek	Creek~	\$220,088.00	\$166,903.00
	Santa Cruz County Resource Conservation	West Branch Soquel Creek Fish Passage	The purpose of this project is to remove the most downstream fish passage barrier on the West Branch of Soquel Creek in order to open up habitat for salmonids. The existing concrete ford with culvert will be removed and replaced with a bridge to allow fish passage and primary access to the adjacent properties. The value of the reach above the ford as a refugia for steelhead and coho salmon is described in the Soquel creek Watershed Assessment and Enhancement Plan as "High if passage impediments are modified and water diversions in the upper resource unit do not dewater the reach during drought. Lack of large wood or escape cover in pools. Great potential to increase refuge due to low development potential doe to steep topography." At present, the few water diversions do not appear capable of significantly reducing flow in the reach except during severe drought and on-going efforts to provide protective bypass flows are likely to be successful. Implementation of a fish-passage improvement project here is listed as Priority 1 (1-5 scale) with immediate		West Branch		\$400 c12 00	0.400, 612,00
195	District			Santa Cruz	Soquel Creek	Soquel Creek	\$409,613.00	\$409,613.00
050	Cachuma Conservation	Improvements at Rancho San Julian, El	rearing habitat in the El Jaro Creek basin by improving low flow passage for endangered steelhead through the Rancho	Santa Barbara	Fl Jaro Creek	Santa Ynez	\$171 110 00	\$171,110.00
	149 138 111 195	California Department of Transportation Humboldt Fish Action Council Marin County Department of Public Works Santa Cruz County Resource Conservation District Cachuma Conservation	California Department of Transportation Humboldt Fish Action Council Marin County Department of Public Works Santa Cruz County Resource Conservation District Santa Cruz Cachuma Conservation Cachuma Conservation El Capitan Culvert Hall Creek Fish Passage Enhancement Project Woodacre Creek Fish Passage Restoration West Branch Soquel Creek Fish Passage Barrier Removal Fish Passage Improvements at Rancho San Julian, El	California Department of Transportation El Capitan Culvert El Capitan Culvert To remove an arched-corrugated steel pipe (A-CSP) 5' high x 6.5' wide x 70' long, with a 2.1 foot jump at the outlet, that is a total barrier juvenile. The culvert was determined to be a barrier using the DFG fish passage evaluation methods. To restore migration of juvenile and adult coho and steelhead through an existing barrier on Woodacre Creek, a prominent tributary in the Lagunitas Creek system. The purpose of this project is to remove the most downstream fish passage barrier on the West Branch of Soquel Creek in order to open up habitat for salmonids. The existing concrete ford with culvert will be removed and replaced with a bridge to allow fish passage and primary access to the adjacent properties. The value of the reach above the ford as a refugia for steelhead and coho salmon is described in the Soquel creek Watershed Assessment and Enhancement Plan as "High if passage impediments are modified and water diversions in the upper resource unit do not dewater the reach during drought. Lack of large wood rescape cover in pools. Great potential to increase refuge due to low development potential doe to steep topography." At present, the few water diversions do not appear capable of significantly reducing flow in the reach except during severe drought and on-going efforts to provide protective bypass flows are likely to be successful. Implement culvert modifications at the Highway 101 El Capitan Creek culvert. To remove an arched-corrugated steel pipe (A-CSP) 5' high x 6.5' wide x 70' long, with a 2.1 foot jump at the outlet, that is a total barrier juvenile. The culvert was determined to be a barrier using the DFG fish passage evaluation methods. To restore migration of juvenile and adult coho and steelhead through an existing barsier on Woodacre Creek, a prominent tributary in the Lagunitae. The culvert was determined to be a barrier using the DFG fish passage evaluation methods. To restore migration of juvenile and adult	California Department of Transportation El Capitan Culvert Capitan Creek culvert. Santa Barbara	California Department of Transportation El Capitan Culvert Capitan Creek culvert. Capitan Creek culvert. Santa Barbara Creek Capitan Creek culvert. Capitan Creek Capitan Creek Capitan Creek Capitan Creek Capitan Creek Capitan Creek culvert. Capitan Creek Capitan Creek Capitan Creek Capitan Creek Capitan Creek culvert. Capitan Creek Capitan	California Department of Transportation El Capitan Culvert Implement culvert modifications at the Highway 101 El Santa Barbara Creek Capitan	California Department of Department of Department of Transportation Fil Capitan Culvert Capitan Creek culvert. Capitan Creek Capitan Santa Barbara Creek Capitan S443,000.00

Project	Proposal						Maj. Drainage	Amt.	Amt.
Type	Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	System	Requested	Recommended
				This project would fund construction of multiple habitat					
				improvement structures in McGarvey Creek as well as fund					
				crews to plant 20 acres of adjoining riparian habitats with					
				native conifers. Adding large wood to the channel would					
				immediately address identified limiting factors by increasing					
				instream habitat complexity and altering sediment storage					
				dynamics. Reestablishing native riparian conifers would					
			Instream and Riparian	increase channel and bank stability, improve large wood					
			Enhancement of	recruitment conditions and facilitate the geomorphic					
			McGarvey Creek: Phase	processes necessary for maintaining complex and productive		McGarvey	Lower Klamath		
HI	126	Yurok Tribe	1	instream and riparian habitats.	Del Norte	Creek	River Sub Basin	\$70,978.00	\$70,978.00
		California		The project aims to further improve spawning and rearing					
		Conservation		cover habitat for salmon and steelhead along 0.76 miles of					
		Corps, Northern	Wilson Creek Salmonid	Wilson Creek. The project will install seven log instream					
111	170	Service District,	Habitat Enhancement	structures, two willow bioengineered sites and plant 1,000	DIN	W''1 C 1	C 'd D'	Ф 2 0 24 7 00	Φ20 24 7 00
HI	170	Fortuna Center	Project	conifers.	Del Norte	Wilson Creek	Smith River	\$28,347.00	\$28,347.00
		Resource Conservation		Postone the 12 comment and flooring incomes 2 000 foot of					
		District of the		Restore the 12 acre natural floodplain, improve 3,000 feet of access and habitat for steelhead by removing the structures					
		Santa Monica	Rodeo Grounds Berm	and 26,000 tons of partially lead contaminated fill materials		Topongo			
HI	029	Mountains	Removal	associated with the Rodeo Grounds Berm.	Los Angeles	Topanga Creek	Pacific Ocean	\$249,782.50	\$249,782.50
111	029	Wiountains	Kelilovai	Install 10 complex log/root wad and boulder structures along	Los Aligeles	CICCK	racific Ocean	\$249,762.30	\$249,782.30
				approx. 3,000+ feet of South Fork Winchuck River. The					
				proposed project will improve spawning habitat and rearing					
				habitat for salmonids through pool development and					
				enhancement, increased gravel sorting, and increased habitat					
				cover. In addition, 1,000 native conifer trees will also be					
			S. F. Winchuck	planted along the banks of the project site to provide future					
			Instream	large wood contributions to this stream reach. CCC crews		South Fork			
		Rural Human	Habitat/Riparian	will also remove weeds around existing, recently planted		Winchuck	Winchuck		
HI	110	Services	Enhancement Project	trees.	Del Norte	River	River	\$46,753.00	\$46,753.00
_						Daugherty			_
						Creek~ Gates			
		California	Daugherty Creek &			Creek~			
		Conservation	Tributaries LWD	To improve the quality and quantity of salmonid rearing		Johnson			
HI	114	Corps	Project	habitat within the Daugherty Creek Watershed.	Mendocino	Creek	Big River	\$99,370.00	\$99,370.00
				The overall objective of this project is to enhance and increase					
		Eel River		large woody cover, pool frequency, and channel complexity					
		Watershed	Sproul Creek Salmonid	and connectivity within a 4.5 mile reach of Sproul Creek,					
111	056	Improvement	Habitat Enhancement	which is native habitat to Chinook and coho salmon and	TT 1 11.	0 10 1	E 1D:	Ф110 40 7 00	Φ110 407 00
HI	056	Group	Project	steelhead trout.	Humboldt	Sproul Creek	Eel River	\$112,437.00	\$112,437.00

Project	Proposal						Maj. Drainage	Amt.	Amt.
Type	Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	System	Requested	Recommended
				Provide cost effective and environmentally sustainable supply of willow and other plant materials for multi-year riparian and					
		California State	Bull Creek Willow	floodway restoration projects in Bull Creek, Humboldt					
HR	060	Parks	Nursery	Redwoods State Park.	Humboldt	Bull Creek	Eel River	\$58,686.00	\$58,686.00
III	000	Tarks	Traisery	Redwoods State Fark.	Tumbolat	Bear Creek~	Let River	ψ50,000.00	Ψ50,000.00
						Big Alder			
						Creek~ Big			
						Finley			
						Creek~ Blue			
						Slide Creek~			
						Buck/Sinkyo			
						ne Creek~			
						Campbell			
				To re-establish conifer cover within high-quality aquatic		Creek~ Deer			
				habitats within the Mattole River watershed's eastern, western		Lick Creek~			
				and southern sub-basins, the Mattole Restoration Council will		Eubank Creek~			
				(1) plant 41,500 Douglas fir and redwood seedlings along 22.5 miles of riparian habitat and at road decommissioning		Grindstone			
				and upgrade sites, (2) conduct riparian thinning on 40 small-		Creek~			
				scale plots to release existing conifer seedling to achieve		Honeydew			
				conifer stand dominance in Thompson, Honeydew, and the		Creek~			
		Mattole	Mattole Watershed	South Fork Bear Creek, (3) collect Douglas-fir and redwood		Jewett			
		Restoration	Coho Refugia Conifer	seeds for future conifer re-establishment projects (up to	Humboldt~	Creek~ Little			
HR	201	Council	Re-establishment	300,000 Douglas-fir seedlings and 260,000 redwoods seeds).	Mendocino	Finley Creek	Mattole	\$38,556.00	\$38,556.00
				(1) Increase habitat complexity for steelhead through					
				installation of in-stream log and/or rock structures to					
				encourage formation of resting and jumping pools and escape					
				habitat. (2) Improve embryonic steelhead survival through					
				improved aeration of gravels used for spawning and rearing					
				habitat. (3) Increase food sources for steelhead and improve water temperatures through enhancement of riparian corridor					
				and wetland areas (1.5 miles). (4) Increase watershed function					
				through removal of agricultural levees and reconnection with					
				enhanced floodplain and wetland areas. (5) Improve water					
				quality and quantity available to steelhead through improved					
				aquifer re-charge by increasing inundation floodplain and					
				wetland areas. (6) Project habitat and biologically diversity of					
				aquatic species in Chorro Creek and Morro Bay through					
		The Bay	Chorro Creek	bioengineered bank stabilization of eroding stream banks. (7)					
		Foundation of	Floodplain and Riparian	Install grade control structures to reduce and prevent channel	San Luis				
HR	040	Morro Bay	Restoration Project	entrenchment.	Obispo	Chorro Creek	Estero Bay	\$750,000.00	\$750,000.00

Project Type	Proposal Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	Maj. Drainage System	Amt. Requested	Amt. Recommended
				This project directly addresses the recommendations					
				identified in the Recovery Strategy for California Coho					
				Salmon and the Steelhead Restoration and Management Plan					
				for California. The primary objectives of this project include:					
				Install 3,500 ft. of livestock exclusion fencing to permanently					
				protect riparian habitat and wetlands; Re-establish and					
				enhance riparian vegetation inside the exclusion fencing along					
				the Shasta River and wetland area by planting appropriate					
		Northern	Shasta River Johanson	native species; Improve fishery and wildlife habitat and					
		California	Fencing and Wetland	increase shading along the Shasta River; Tie in with exclusion					
HR	078	Resource Center	Enhancement	fencing immediately below and above project site.	Siskiyou	Shasta River	Shasta River	\$28,213.13	\$28,213.13
				Restore long-term habitat complexity, stream channel					
			Lower Terwer Creek	stability, and a mature riparian canopy within lower Terwer					
			Riparian Restoration &	Creek by installing willow siltation baffles, willow mattresses,					
			Bank Stabilization	and tree planting islands on approximately 15 acres of flood-					
HS	099	Yurok Tribe	Project	prone surfaces and adjoining streambanks.	Del Norte	Terwer Creek	Klamath	\$99,738.00	\$99,738.00
				The objective of this project is to treat 56 sediment sources					
				identified along approximately 8 miles of road, resulting in an					
				estimated sediment savings of 15,209 yds3. The project will		Islam John			
				result in near-total road-related sediment reduction to Hollow		Creek~ Lost			
				Tree Creek. This will effectively obviate road-related		Man Creek~			
				sediment as a limiting factor to the watersheds health, and will		Lost Pipe			
			Hollow Tree Creek	allow the watershed to begin the process of reclaiming		Creek~			
			Watershed Restoration	salmonid spawning and rearing habitat that has been degraded		Lower			
			Implementation Project	by decades of accumulated sediment. This will continue the		Hollow Tree			
HU	009	Trout Unlimited	- Phase 4	watershed wide work started in 2000.	Mendocino	Creek	South Fork Eel	\$389,486.00	\$389,486.00

Project	Proposal		D		G 1		Maj. Drainage	Amt.	Amt.
Type	Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	System	Requested	Recommended
				The Mattole Restoration Council will undertake landscape-					
				scale sediment reduction in the three key Mattole River					
				tributaries that support all three Mattole salmonids. Excess					
				sediment delivery is widely recognized as the primary factor limiting the continued survival of Mattole salmonids. The					
				Blue Slide, Mattole Canyon, and Grindstone Creeks Sediment					
				Reduction for Coho recovery project will treat 170 sites with					
				the potential to deliver in excess of 10 cubic yards of sediment					
				for a total savings of 185,000 cubic yards of sediment. Work					
				will include installing 48 properly sized and placed culverts,		Blue Slide			
				armoring outlets of existing culverts, road crowning and the		Creek~			
			Blue Slide, Mattole	installation of rolling and critical dips along 1.9 miles of road;		Grindstone			
			Canyon, and Grindstone	bioengineered streambank stabilization at 29 sites, and		Creek~			
		Mattole	Creeks Sediment	decommissioning 31 stream crossings. In addition, one fish		Mattole			
		Restoration	Reduction for Coho	passage barrier will be removed to allow fish passage to 1.0		Canyon			
HU	198	Council	Recovery	miles of habitat within the Blue Slide Creek drainage.	Humboldt	Creek	Mattole	\$238,602.00	\$238,602.00
				Terwer Creek is prioritized for immediate restoration in the					
				Lower Klamath Sub-basin Watershed Restoration Plan					
				(LKWRP) (Gale and Randolph 2000). The watershed					
				preserves some of the best remaining anadromous fish habitat					
				left within the Lower Klamath River Sub-basin. This project					
				sill implement the recommendations of the Terwer Creek					
				Assessment Report (Rhode 2004) by decommissioning high					
				priority road segments to reduce road related sediment					
				impacts to the watershed and their anadromous fisheries. A					
HU	045	Yurok Tribe	Terwer Creek Upslope Implementation Project	total of 18 stream crossings and 1 mass wasting site will be pulled with an estimated 18,541 cubic yards.	Del Norte	Tamas Casala	Klamath River	\$323,537.00	\$323,537.00
по	043	Pacific Coast	Implementation Project	puned with an estimated 18,341 cubic yards.	Del Nolle	Terwer Creek	Kiailiaul Kivel	\$323,337.00	\$323,337.00
		Fish Wildlife	Wilson Creek Road	The proposed project will reduce impacts to and restore					
		and Wetlands	Decommissioning &	salmonid habitat through implementation of site specific and					
		Restoration	Sediment Reduction	prioritized road decommissioning, erosion control and erosion					
HU	097	Association	Project II	prevention work in the Wilson Creek watershed.	Del Norte	Wilson Creek	Smith River	\$353,523.00	\$353,523.00
			. J	Reduce sediment-related impacts, as well as protect and				1 9	122292
				restore salmonid habitat through the implementation of site-					
				specific and prioritized road upgrading along 8.2 miles of					
				roads and road decommissioning along 4.6 miles of roads in					
				the Inman Creek watershed. The project will prevent over		Indian			
		The	Inman Creek Watershed	26,700 yds3 of road-related sediment delivery by treating 150		Springs			
		Conservation	Sediment Control	sites to improve instream habitat for salmonid species in the		Creek~	Big-Navarro-		
HU	150	Fund	Project, Phase 1	Garcia River watershed, Mendocino County, CA.	Mendocino	Inman Creek	Garcia	\$407,689.00	\$407,689.00

Project	Proposal		Durch of Norma	OL!	Conservation (C4	Maj. Drainage	Amt.	Amt.
Type	Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	System	Requested	Recommended
				Save 40,000 cubic yards of sediment through decommissioning 13.3 miles of high risk roads in the Bluff					
				Creek Watershed. Reducing or eliminating potential sediment					
				sources from roads is necessary to maintain/restore watershed					
				processes which protect spawning and rearing habitat and					
				provides critical thermal refugia for migrating juvenile and					
				adult salmonids. This proposal implements recommendations					
				from; "Recovery Strategy for California Coho Salmon" (DFG					
		U.S. Forest		2004), "Road Assessment and Restoration Planning in the					
		Service Six	Road Decommissioning	Bluff Creek Watershed, Klamath River Basin" (Ledwith 2004)					
		Rivers National	- Bluff Creek Watershed	FRGP # P0110334) and "Orleans Road Analysis and OHV					
HU	169	Forest	at Four Corners	Strategy" (USDA 2006).	Humboldt	Bluff Creek	Lower Klamath	\$392,797.00	\$392,797.00
				The main objective of this project is to preserve prime				+->=,	707=,171100
				spawning and rearing habitat in the Smith River, and Mill					
				Creek Watershed by eliminating sources of road-derived					
				sediment. Measurable objectives include outsloping and					
				stabilizing 4.62 miles of abandoned logging roads, removing					
				all fill material from 41 stream crossings, replanting the					
				crossing excavations with appropriate conifer species, and		Bummer			
			Lower Smoke House	stabilizing fill from 18 log landings. This work is expected to		Lake Creek~			
		California State	Road Rehabilitation	prevent 103,900 cubic yards of sediment delivery to the		East Fork			
HU	183	Parks	Project	streams.	Del Norte	Mill Creek	Smith River	\$515,420.00	\$515,420.00
				Since 2001, the Mattole Restoration Council has undertaken					
				intensive sediment reduction work throughout the Mattole					
				River headwaters region, generally considered to be the					
				largest salmonid refugia within the watershed, and one of the					
				highest quality habitat areas statewide. Within this phase of					
				this multi-year project, MRC will decommission all roads on					
				a key 40 acre parcel in the headwaters of Ancestor Creek, an					
				uppermost headwaters tributary to the Mattole River.					
				According to the California Coho Recovery Strategy, this					
			II. Maria Di	region the headwaters of the Mattole River has been					
			Upper Mattole River	documented as having some of the best coho salmon habitat					
			Watershed	found in California. This project will result in 6,560 cubic					
		Mattala	Rehabilitation Project,	yards of sediment savings through the decommissioning 0.93					
		Mattole Restoration	Ancestor Creek Road Decommissioning	miles of road and 15 road stream crossings. This		Angester			
HU	196	Council	Phase	complements similar work completed by Sanctuary Forest, Inc. in the other fork of Ancestor Creek.	Mendocino	Ancestor Creek	Mattole River	\$27,804.00	\$27,804.00
ΠU	170	Council	rnase	inc. in the other fork of Ancestor Creek.	MEHOCHIO	CICCK	manoie Kiver	ø∠7,8U4.UU	\$47,8U4.UU

Project	Proposal						Maj. Drainage	Amt.	Amt.
Type	Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	System	Requested	Recommended
		Mattole	Bear Creek Sediment	The Mattole Restoration Council's Good Roads, Clear Creeks program will upgrade 98 road and road-related sediment sites in the Bear Creek tributary sub-basin of the Mattole watershed to improve aquatic habitats for listed anadromous salmonids. Road upgrades will include replacing 40 undersized, failing, or shotgunned culverts with properly sized culverts to reduce the risk of road prism failure at stream crossings, reshaping road surfaces, installing rolling and critical dips, and installing numerous armored fords. The work will prevent an estimated 39,100 cubic yards of sediment from entering this high quality salmonid habitat. In addition, one fish passage barrier will be					
HU	202	Restoration Council	Reduction for Coho Recovery	removed, opening access to 0.9 miles of high-quality salmonid habitat.	Humboldt	Upper Bear Creek	Mattole	\$236,239.00	\$236,239.00
		Trinity County Resource Conservation	Conrad Gulch Road	Enhance salmonid fisheries habitat in Canyon Creek and the mainstem Trinity River by eliminating potential sediment delivery to Conrad Gulch, Canyon Creek and the mainstem Trinity River by decommissioning 2.33 miles of road and removing five stream crossings and five swales. Estimated potential sediment savings from stream crossings and swales		Canyon Creek~			
HU	104	District	Decommissioning	is 1,500 cubic yards.	Trinity	Conrad Gulch	Trinity River	\$25,000.00	\$25,000.00
HU	005	California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection	Road 610 Decommission Project	Properly upgrade 100 feet and decommission 1.3 miles of riparian road 610 in Caspar Watershed. The work will include site specific treatments for stream crossing removals, treating potential fill slope failures, reduce road surface erosion and upgrade a stream crossing, replacing an undersized culvert with one capable of passage of a 100-year storm.	Mendocino	Caspar Creek	Caspar Creek	\$26,063.00	\$26,063.00
MD	207	Mattole Salmon Group	Mattole River Salmonid Life-stage Monitoring Program, Lower North Fork Downstream Migrant Monitoring	The proposed Downstream Migrant Monitoring project will provide a quantitative abundance estimate of native Mattole Chinook and coho for the Lower North Fork Mattole River based on the latest available methodologies. Using established program elements (i.e. downstream migrant trapping) as well as recently developed relational monitoring databases, the project will provide restoration practitioners in the watershed with the most accurate estimate to date of true juvenile salmonid production in the Lower North Fork. The proposed project will also contribute to the development of validation monitoring protocols based on a 20-year outmigrant monitoring history in the Mattole River watershed.	Humboldt	Lower North Fork Mattole River	Mattole	\$15,593.00	\$15,593.00

Project	Proposal		D				Maj. Drainage	Amt.	Amt.
Type	Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	System	Requested	Recommended
				The proposed Smolt Production monitoring project is a low-					
				cost and minimally invasive (due to MSG's comprehensive					
				handling procedures during periods of downmigrating distress					
				that hold fish health first), means for providing a quantitative abundance estimate of native Mattole Chinook and coho					
				based on the latest available methodologies. Using					
				established program elements (i.e. downstream migrant					
				trapping) as well as recently developed relational monitoring					
				databases, the project will provide restoration practitioners					
				and concerned residents in the watershed the most accurate					
			Mattole River Salmonid	estimate to date of true juvenile salmonid production. This					
			Life-stage Monitoring	project is integral to evaluating the MSG's overall program					
			Program, Smolt	success, and also serves as an indicator for the success of					
		Mattole Salmon	Production Estimate	numerous publicly funded projects, many of which were	Humboldt~				
MD	208	Group	2007-2008	CDFG funded.	Mendocino	Mattole River	Mattole	\$16,983.00	\$16,983.00
				Monitor baseline status and trends of anadromous salmonid					
		California	Upper Redwood Creek	populations migrating in Redwood Creek: Determine smolt					
		Cooperative	Juvenile Salmonid	population abundances for juveniles emigrating from upper					
	0.54	Fishery	(Smolt) Abundance	Redwood Creek; add new data to existing database (7 years of	**	Redwood		440.255.00	440.255.00
MD	064	Research Unit	Project	data).	Humboldt	Creek	Mad-Redwood	\$48,355.00	\$48,355.00
		California	Lower Redwood Creek	Monitor baseline status and trends of anadromous salmonid					
		Cooperative	Juvenile Salmonid	populations emigrating in Redwood Creek: Determine smolt population abundances for juveniles emigrating from the					
		Fishery	(Smolt) Abundance	majority of the Redwood Creek basin in YR 2007; add new		Redwood			
MD	066	Research Unit	Project	data to existing database (3 consecutive years of data).	Humboldt	Creek	Mad-Redwood	\$54,425.00	\$54,425.00
WID	000	Shasta Valley	Troject	Project enables the determination of abundance and timing of	Tumbolat	CICCK	Wad-Redwood	Ψ5+,+25.00	ψ5+,+25.00
		Resource	Shasta and Scott River	salmonid emigration and provides the data needed to help					
		Conservation	Juvenile Emigration	direct future restoration efforts related to water management		Scott River~			
MD	127	District	Monitoring	and habitat restoration in the Shasta Valley.	Siskiyou	Shasta River	Klamath River	\$225,452.00	\$170,000.00
				The proposed Salmonid Escapement Monitoring project will				, ,	,
				provide the Mattole restoration community with a quantitative					
				annual run-size estimate for Mattole Chinook and coho					
				salmon based on the latest available methodologies. Using					
				established program elements spawning ground surveys and					
				adult weir operation) as well as recently developed relational					
				monitoring databases, the project will provide feedback on the					
				impacts of previous restoration projects and give restoration					
			M " 1 D' C' '	practitioners in the watershed a comprehensive assessment of		M // 1 B'			
		M-44-1- C-1-	Mattole River Salmonid	adult salmonid populations. The project will allow for the	II1.14	Mattole River			
MD	204	Mattole Salmon	Escapement Monitoring	collection of scale and tissue samples for analysis concerning	Humboldt~	and various	Mottele	¢20,00¢,00	\$20,006,00
MD	204	Group	2007-2008	the specific life history variations of Mattole salmonids.	Mendocino	tributaries	Mattole	\$29,996.00	\$29,996.00

Project Type	Proposal Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	Maj. Drainage System	Amt. Requested	Amt. Recommended
		Pacific States Marine Fisheries	Monitoring Juvenile Salmonid Use of Freshwater Slough, Elk River Slough and Tidal Portions of Other Tributaries Entering	Determine the emigration patterns, estuary use and estuary residence times of juvenile salmonids in Freshwater Slough and the emigration patterns and estuary use of juvenile salmonids in tidal portions of Elk River Slough and other tributaries entering Humboldt Bay. Determine the population of yearling coho salmon residing in the stream-estuary ecotone of Freshwater Creek. We will also look for movement or straying of Freshwater Creek salmonids into the tidal portions of other Humboldt Bay tributaries. Identify important marsh habitats for juvenile salmonids especially coho salmon and steelhead trout, monitor estuarine water temperatures, and provide information to help guide marsh		Elk River~ Freshwater Creek~ tidal portions of Humboldt			
MD	062	Commission	Humboldt Bay	restoration projects to benefit juvenile salmonids.	Humboldt	Bay tribs.	Humboldt Bay	\$168,016.00	\$168,016.00
MD	027	Resource Conservation District of the Santa Monica Mountains	Topanga Creek Southern Steelhead Monitoring	Document southern steelhead distribution and abundance in Topanga Creek.	Los Angeles	Topanga Creek	Pacific Ocean	\$55,255.00	\$55,255.00
MD	034	Community Environmental Council	Distribution and Abundance and Habitat Requirements of Steelhead in the Ventura River Basin	To assess the distribution and estimate the abundance of juvenile steelhead/rainbow trout in the Ventura River and principal tributaries (San Antonio Creek and lower NF Matilija Creek) over a two year period, with comparison to estimates from 2006 (current FRGP project). To test the validity of the HSI model developed in 2003, with subsequent modifications in 2006, for use in assessing habitat quality for steelhead in a southern California watershed.	Ventura	Lower NF Matilija Creek~ San Antonio Creek~ Ventura River	Ventura	\$229,812.00	\$76,604.00

Alisal-Elkhorn Sloughs~ Aliso- San Onofre~ Calleguas~ Carmel~ Central	Requested	Recommended
Sloughs~ Aliso- San Onofre~ Calleguas~ Carmel~ Central		
San Onofre~ Calleguas~ Carmel~ Central		
Calleguas~ Carmel~ Central		
Carmel~ Central		
Central		
3		
*		
	\$142.017.00	\$142,017.00
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Mattole	\$21,417.00	\$21,417.00
All Coastal		
	\$88 604 00	\$88,604.00
H H C S S H C C	Central Coastal~ Estrella~ Pajaro~ Salinas~ San Antonio~ San Francisco Coastal South~ San Lorenzo- Soquel~ Santa Barbara Coastal~ Santa Clar Mattole All Coastal Anadromous	Coastal~ Estrella~ Pajaro~ Salinas~ San Antonio~ San Francisco Coastal South~ San Lorenzo- Soquel~ Santa Barbara Coastal~ Santa Clar Mattole \$21,417.00

Project	Proposal	Combranton	Ductact Name	Objective	Country	Stroom	Maj. Drainage	Amt.	Amt.
Type	Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	System	Requested	Recommended
							Eel River~ Klamath River~		
				To expand CCC fish habitat improvement work projects to			Morro Bay~		
				key coastal watershed of California for funding three Fish			Napa River~		
				Habitat Specialists for one-two years to provide			Russian River~		
		California		administrative support to DFG Senior Fish Habitat			Salinas River~		
		Conservation		Supervisors responsible for oversight of CCC fisheries habitat			Santa Ynez		
PI	173	Corps	Fish Habitat Specialist	restoration programs.	Various	Various	River	\$408,896.00	\$204,448.00
							Aptos Creek~		
				The FishNet 4C Program provides leadership, facilitates			Big Lagoon~		
				collaboration and cooperation between the counties and state			Big Sur Coastal		
				and federal agencies, and acts as an information clearinghouse			Creeks~		
				on legislative, permitting, and project design issues. FishNet assists the counties in moving forward on fisheries restoration			Bolinas Lagoon and		
				projects by engaging them in project development, identifying			Tributaries~		
				funding sources, assisting them in writing grants and			Carmel River~		
				identifying match, developing policy, and implementing			Corralitos		
				projects. Counties are required to meet many regulatory			Creek~ Gazos		
				mandates as well as address the needs of their constituents for			Creek~		
				basic services and facilities. To insure that fisheries			Lagunitas		
				restoration projects stay on the table with other services	Marin~		Creek~ Pajaro		
				provided by the counties requires political will and support	Mendocino~	Coastal and	River~		
				from inside and outside county government. The FishNet 4C	Monterey~ San Mateo~	Bay streams within	Pescadero- Butano creeks~		
				Program provides a liaison between the counties and regulatory agencies, and has succeeded with the support of	San Mateo~ Santa Cruz~	Central Calif	Redwood		
PI	143	Marin County	FishNet 4C	county supervisors and staff.	Sonoma	Coast	Creek~ Rus	\$98,385.00	\$98,385.00
11	143	Warm County	T ISIII VCL 4C	To build new capacities for the Siskiyou RCD and Shasta	Soliollia	Coast	Creek Rus	Ψ20,303.00	Ψ70,303.00
				Valley RCD to implement, administer and monitor the					
				proposed ITP and 1602 permit programs for the Scott and					
				Shasta River valleys. To provide mutual benefit for coho and		Scott River			
				agricultural operators participating in the programs in		and			
		Siskiyou County	Implementation of	providing adequate support to implement the program. To		tributaries~			
		Resource	Programmatic Permit	develop funding mechanisms, participation tracking, and to		Shasta River			
DI	1774	Conservation	Programs for Scott &	implementation monitoring. To establish a self-supporting	G: 1:	and	Scott River~	Φ4 0 4 0 5 4 00	Φ00 000 00
PI	174	District	Shasta River Valleys	program to satisfy on-going permitting needs.	Siskiyou	tributaries	Shasta River	\$404,054.00	\$80,000.00
		California State		Conduct archeological resource, paleontological and rare					
		University,	Archeological,	plant surveys on approximately 100 proposed fish habitat restoration projects to identify all prehistoric and/or historic					
		Humboldt	Paleontological and	archeological resources, or sites of ethnic significance and	All coastal				
PL	131	Foundation	Rare Plant Surveys	presence or non-presence of rare plants.	counties	All Coastal	All Coastal	\$350,000.00	\$340,000.00

Project	Proposal						Maj. Drainage	Amt.	Amt.
Type	Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	System	Requested	Recommended
		Central Coast	Pismo Creek Fish						
		Salmon	Ladder Replacement	Design barrier modification for fish ladder structure on Pismo	San Luis				
PL	043	Enhancement	Design	Creek main stem.	Obispo	Pismo Creek	Pismo Creek	\$46,211.00	\$46,211.00
				A public-private partnership to remove a full barrier to fish					
				passage on one of Sonoma Valley's most protected					
				subwatersheds (a 3.5 mi2 drainage and approximately 14 mi					
				of streams). By increasing the quantity of accessible					
		_	Stuart Creek Fish	spawning and rearing habitat, we aim to increase the total					
		Sonoma	Passage Barrier Repair:	population of anadromous fish in the Sonoma Creek					
PL	139	Ecology Center	Phase 2 and 3	watershed.	Napa	Stuart Creek	San Pablo Bay	\$68,829.00	\$68,829.00
			Stream Crossing			1			
			Inventory and Fish	Conduct an inventory of approximately 50 stream crossings		Eel River			
		D 10 0	Passage Evaluation of	located within anadromous stream reaches of tributaries		tributaries~			
		Pacific Coast	Stream Crossings and	within the North Coast State Park District; 2) assess passage		Redwood	E I D'		
		Fish Wildlife	Other Man-made	of adult and juvenile salmonids; and 3) produce a final report	DIN	Creek	Eel River~		
		and Wetlands	Impediments within	and project-scheduling document for the District that will	Del Norte~	tributaries~	Redwood		
DI	004	Restoration	California State Parks -	prioritize corrective treatments (where needed) and provide	Humboldt~	Smith River	Creek~ Smith	ΦεΩ 212 00	Φ<0.212.00
PL	084	Association	North Coast District	site-specific recommendations for unimpeded fish passage.	Mendocino	tributaries	River	\$68,212.00	\$68,212.00
				The proposed project would survey vegetation and document the physical extent of non-native, invasive plant species,		Lion Creek~			
				particularly arundo (Arundo donax) in the San Antonio Creek		San Antonio			
				Watershed. The vegetation mapping would use CNPS		Creek~			
				guidelines and incorporate a modified Sawyer/Keeler-Wolfe		Stewart			
			San Antonio Creek	classification system. This information will be integrated with		Canyon~			
		Noreen	Watershed Vegetation	other available data to develop a prioritized list of areas that		Thacher			
PL	036	Cabanting	Mapping Mapping	can be targeted for invasive plant removal.	Ventura	Creek	Ventura River	\$67,185.00	\$67,185.00
1 L	030	Cabanting	Mapping	Develop a contingency plan for dry and critically dry water	Ventura	CICCK	Ventura River	ψ07,103.00	ψ07,103.00
				years through the coordination of local, voluntary efforts to					
				improve water quality and fisheries habitat for coho and					
				Chinook salmon. Complete the Scott River Watershed					
				Strategic Action Plan - Phase II and carry out high priority					
		Siskiyou		tasks required for coho recovery. Managed project data using					
		Resource	Scott River Watershed	a Restoration Project Management Database with results in		Scott River~			
		Conservation	Council - Planning	reporting restoration accomplishments throughout the Scott		Scott River			
PL	178	District	Phase II	River watershed.	Siskiyou	tributaries	Scott River	\$117,750.00	\$57,445.00

Project	Proposal						Maj. Drainage	Amt.	Amt.
Type	Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	System	Requested	Recommended
		Sotoyome Resource	Pena, Grape & Crane	The objective of this project is to complete a comprehensive inventory along 10 miles of roads, Chamise, Brack & Big Ridge Roads and Shaina Way, which traverse the Pena, Grape and Crane Creek watersheds that will identify, prioritize and recommend cost-effective treatments of future sediment delivery sources most likely to impact salmonid bearing streams channels if left untreated. These stream channels include Chapman Branch, Pechanco Creek, Boyer Creek, Sweetwater Creek, all tributaries to Pena, Grape and Crane Creeks, all of which are tributaries to Dry Creek, which is a main tributary of the Russian River and known to be habitat to Chinook salmon, coho salmon and steelhead trout. Identifying erosion control projects and then implementing them in this part of the watershed will also benefit salmonid		Crane Creek~			
PL	051	Conservation District	Creek Sediment Source Assessment	populations downstream in the mainstem of the river by eliminating sediment delivery from these tributaries.	Sonoma	Grape Creek~ Pena Creek	Russian River	\$15,606.00	\$15,606.00
		City of Santa	Mission Creek Fish	To construct a scaled physical model in order to test the feasibility of removing all or a portion of the concrete channel in Mission Creek so as to provide suitable conditions for the passage of steelhead trout upstream to spawning habitat in the upper Mission Creek watershed. Currently, the concrete channels block all fish passage upstream to spawning habitat. The main objective of the physical model study will be to evaluate the hydraulic performance of the modified channel	Soliona	Mission	Action Action	\$13,000.00	\$15,000.00
PL	095	Barbara	Passage Project	geometry over the expected range of operating conditions.	Santa Barbara	Creek	Mission Creek	\$155,000.00	\$155,000.00
		Salmonid Restoration	26th Annual Salmonid	To produce the 26th Annual SRF Conference in order to improve the technical skills of salmon, steelhead and trout fisheries restoration practitioners, landowners, agency personnel and contractors. This public and private sector training focuses on habitat analysis, monitoring, education, and restoration techniques to recover anadromous salmonid	All coastal			,	\$ 222,333.00
TE	061	Federation	Restoration Conference	populations.	counties	N/A	N/A	\$25,492.00	\$25,492.00

Project Type	Proposal Number	Contractor	Project Name	Objective	County	Stream	Maj. Drainage System	Amt. Requested	Amt. Recommended
			Ĭ .	Update the fish passage related implementation sections					
				within Part VII of the Restoration Manual. The document will					
				cover the most up-to-date techniques and concepts, including					
				stream simulation design, baffles, grade control, and fish					
				ladders. Additionally, we will guide readers to other					
				references and guidance documents and create a website					
		Pacific Coast	Update Fish Passage	providing these references electronically. As the principal fish					
		Fish Wildlife	Techniques in Part VII	passage guidance document within the State, it is critical that					
		and Wetlands	of California Salmonid	the CA Salmonid Habitat Restoration Manual contains state-					
		Restoration	Habitat Restoration	of-the-practice techniques for providing passage of fish and	All coastal			* ***********************************	****
TE	135	Association	Manual	other aquatic animals.	counties	N/A	N/A	\$100,870.00	\$100,870.00
				Organize and implement two fish passage design and					
				engineering workshops for county staff, engineers,					
				consultants and biologists working to design and construct					
				fish passage barrier modification or removal projects. SRF					
		Salmonid	Fish Passage Design	will work closely with FishNet 4C, DFG, CalTrans, RCDs,					
The state of the s	004	Restoration	and Engineering	North Coast tribes as well as local non-profits, city planners,	All coastal	27/4	37/4	#2 0 00 # 00	# 2 0.00 00
TE	091	Federation	Workshops	and engineering staff.	counties	N/A	N/A	\$29,895.00	\$29,895.00
				Restore summertime in-stream flows to sustain juvenile coho,					
				steelhead and Chinook salmonids through a seasonal water					
				management program. Install fourteen 50,000 gallon tanks					
				within two critical reaches of the Mattole River headwaters					
				and acquire corresponding seasonal water rights (forbearance					
				agreements) to prevent summertime water diversion.					
		g .	Maria El D	Resulting conservation will provide approximately 8.8 GPM					
		Sanctuary	Mattole Flow Program:	of additional stream flow during summertime low flow	11 1 11	Maria Di			
WC	170	Forest,	Water Storage and	period, enhancing water quantity and quality and juvenile	Humboldt~	Mattole River	Mauri Dia	¢100 000 00	¢100,000,00
WC	179	Incorporated	Forbearance Phase I	rearing habitat.	Mendocino	headwaters	Mattole River	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00

Total Recommended = \$9,621,608